

**LE/AF Purified Anti-Rat CD8a Monoclonal Antibody**

天津三箭生物技术股份有限公司  
Tianjin Sungene Biotech Co., Ltd.  
精准 高效 稳定 Precision Efficient Stable

Catalog Number	Vial Size
R10081-14B	50 µg
R10081-14E	500 µg
R10081-14F	1 mg

<b>Market</b>	400-621-0003 marketing@sungenebiotech.com
<b>Support</b>	022-66211636-8024 techsupport@sungenebiotech.com
<b>Web</b>	www.sungenebiotech.com

**Important Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.  
This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

**Purified Antibody Characterization**

Clone	Isotype	Reactivity
OX-8	Mouse IgG1	Rat

**Description**

CD8, also known as Lyt-2, Ly-2, or T8, consists of disulfide-linked  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  chains that form the  $\alpha$ (CD8a)/ $\beta$ (CD8b) heterodimer and  $\alpha/\alpha$  homodimer. CD8a is a 34 kD protein that belongs to the immunoglobulin family. The CD8  $\alpha/\beta$  heterodimer is expressed on the surface of most thymocytes and a subset of mature TCR  $\alpha/\beta$  T cells. CD8 expression on mature T cells is non-overlapping with CD4. The CD8  $\alpha/\alpha$  homodimer is expressed on a subset of  $\gamma/\delta$  TCR-bearing T cells, NK cells, intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes, and lymphoid dendritic cells. CD8 is an antigen co-receptor on T cells that interacts with MHC class I on antigen-presenting cells or epithelial cells. CD8 promotes T cell activation through its association with the TCR complex and protein tyrosine kinase Lck.

**Reported Applications**

This OX-8 antibody has been reported for use in Flow Cytometric.

**Product Information**

**Production Method:** Stirred tank fermentation

**Medium:** Hybridoma-SFM + 1%FCS + Gln + Gluc + P/S

**Purification Method:** Protein G

**Concentration:** 1 mg/ml

**Endotoxin:** < 2.00 EU/mg (LAL)

**Purity:** >95% (by SDS-PAGE)

**Sterile:** 0.2 µm Filtration

**Formulated:** PBS, pH7.2

**Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 4°C as an undiluted liquid. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20°C or lower. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing.

**For Research Use Only.**